WORLDWIDE wwPDB PROTEIN DATA BANK

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jul 26, 2023 – 05:08 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	1AT3
Title	:	HERPES SIMPLEX VIRUS TYPE II PROTEASE
Authors	:	Hoog, S.; Smith, W.W.; Qiu, X.; Abdel-Meguid, S.S.
Deposited on	:	1997-08-16
Resolution	:	2.50 Å(reported)

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

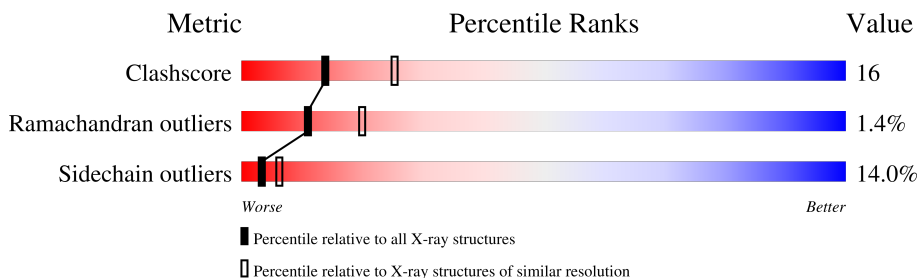|		
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.34

1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Clashscore		16
Ramachandran outliers		1.4%
Sidechain outliers		14.0%

Worse   *Better*

▮ Percentile relative to all X-ray structures

▯ Percentile relative to X-ray structures of similar resolution

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

| Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	247	56% 26% · · 12%
1	B	247	56% 27% 5% 12%

2 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3356 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called HERPES SIMPLEX VIRUS TYPE II PROTEASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	217	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1648	1038	301	304	5			
1	B	217	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1645	1035	301	304	5			

- Molecule 2 is DIISOPROPYL PHOSPHONATE (three-letter code: DFP) (formula: $C_6H_{15}O_3P$).
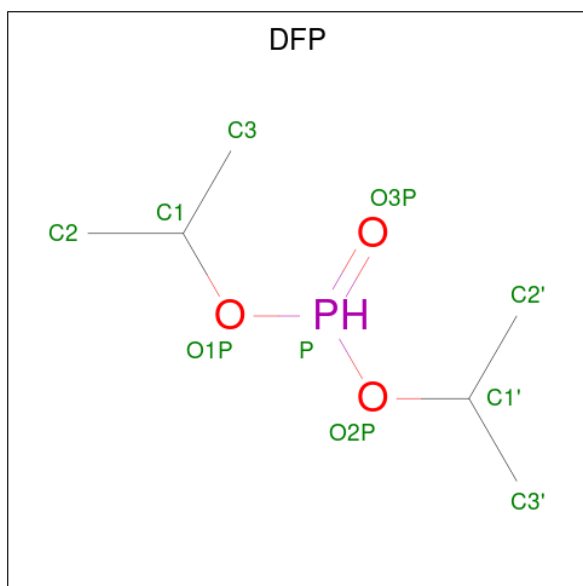
DFP

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	O	P	0	0
			10	6	3	1		
2	B	1	Total	C	O	P	0	0
			10	6	3	1		

- Molecule 3 is water.

| Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	28	Total 28	O 28	0	0
3	B	15	Total 15	O 15	0	0

3   Residue-property plots ⓘ

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.
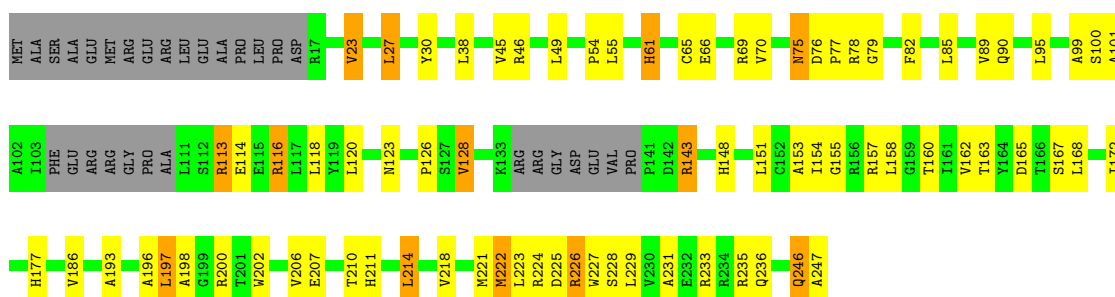
Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: HERPES SIMPLEX VIRUS TYPE II PROTEASE

Chain A:
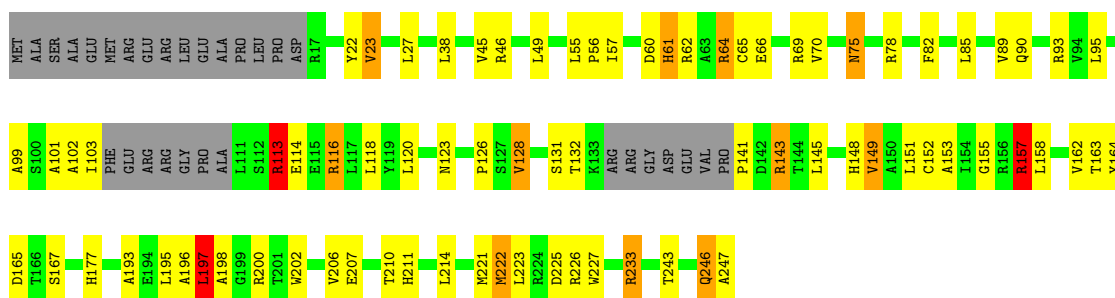
• Molecule 1: HERPES SIMPLEX VIRUS TYPE II PROTEASE

Chain B:

4 Data and refinement statistics ⓘ

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	71.72Å 87.43Å 77.28Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 – 2.50	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	85.6 (10.00-2.50)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.10	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.205 , 0.291	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	3356	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	21.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality ⓘ

5.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DFP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$|Z|$ >5	RMSZ	#$|Z|$ >5
1	A	0.78	1/1678 (0.1%)	0.99	5/2289 (0.2%)
1	B	0.73	1/1675 (0.1%)	0.94	2/2285 (0.1%)
All	All	0.76	2/3353 (0.1%)	0.97	7/4574 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	65	CYS	CB-SG	-7.85	1.69	1.82
1	B	65	CYS	CB-SG	-5.41	1.73	1.81

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	157	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	12.31	126.46	120.30
1	A	157	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.59	115.00	120.30
1	B	116	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.56	123.08	120.30
1	A	141	PRO	N-CA-CB	5.48	109.88	103.30
1	B	100	SER	N-CA-C	-5.44	96.32	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	157	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1648	0	1648	57	0
1	B	1645	0	1639	54	0
2	A	10	0	14	0	0
2	B	10	0	14	0	0
3	A	28	0	0	3	0
3	B	15	0	0	2	0
All	All	3356	0	3315	105	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 105 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:123:ASN:HD21	1:A:246:GLN:H	1.17	0.88
1:B:128:VAL:HG13	1:B:162:VAL:HG11	1.63	0.81
1:A:61:HIS:HD2	1:A:148:HIS:HE1	1.25	0.80
1:A:197:LEU:HD23	1:A:202:TRP:HH2	1.48	0.78
1:A:64:ARG:HB3	3:A:342:HOH:O	1.84	0.77

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	211/247 (85%)	193 (92%)	14 (7%)	4 (2%)	8	13
1	B	211/247 (85%)	195 (92%)	14 (7%)	2 (1%)	17	31
All	All	422/494 (85%)	388 (92%)	28 (7%)	6 (1%)	11	20

5 of 6 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	61	HIS
1	A	113	ARG
1	B	61	HIS
1	B	113	ARG
1	A	225	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	168/196 (86%)	145 (86%)	23 (14%)	3	7
1	B	167/196 (85%)	143 (86%)	24 (14%)	3	6
All	All	335/392 (86%)	288 (86%)	47 (14%)	3	6

5 of 47 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	114	GLU
1	B	158	LEU
1	B	116	ARG
1	B	128	VAL
1	B	167	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 9 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	148	HIS
1	B	211	HIS
1	A	148	HIS
1	B	61	HIS
1	B	75	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$
2	DFP	B	300	1	6,9,9	1.60	2 (33%)	6,11,11	0.54	0
2	DFP	A	300	1	6,9,9	1.09	1 (16%)	6,11,11	0.73	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	DFP	B	300	1	-	0/4/8/8	-
2	DFP	A	300	1	-	0/4/8/8	-

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	300	DFP	O2P-C1'	-2.70	1.42	1.45
2	B	300	DFP	O1P-C1	-2.46	1.42	1.45
2	A	300	DFP	O2P-C1'	-2.14	1.43	1.45

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7   Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8   Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

W O R L D W I D E
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6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands ⓘ

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.